Claims 1, 3-8, 10-12, 15-18, 21 and 23-25 are pending in this application. Claims 2, 9,

13, 14, 19, 20, 22 and 26 have been canceled.

New Claims 27-31 have been added to further clarify and define the invention disclosed

in the present application. These claims find support in the specification of the application as

originally filed and, thus, no new matter has been added by the introduction of the claims.

Applicant respectfully requests examination and allowance of Claims 27-31.

Applicant has amended Claim 18 solely for the purposes of clarifying the present

invention and making the claim more easily readable, and not for the purpose of distinguishing

prior art. No new matter has been added by this amendment.

The Examiner has rejected claims Claims 1, 3-8, 10-12, 15-18, 21 and 23-25 under

35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 4,938,969 to Schinitsky et al.

(hereafter "Schinitsky"), in view of U.S. Patent No. 5,804,594 to Murad (hereafter "Murad"), in

further view of U.S. Patent No. 5,902,591 to Herstein (hereafter "Herstein"), and in further view

of U.S. Patent No. 2,517,276 to Bassford et al. (hereafter "Bassford").

The Examiner has also rejected claims Claims 1, 3-8, 10-12, 15-18, 21 and 23-25 under

35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Schinitsky, in view of Murad, in further view of

U.S. Patent No. 5,140,043 to Darr et. al. (hereafter "Darr"), in further view of Bassford, and in

further view of U.S. Patent No. 5,700,451 to Yue et al. (hereafter "Yue").

For at least the reasons set forth below, withdrawal of all outstanding rejections is

respectfully requested.

-6-

Section 103(a) rejections:

The Examiner has rejected claims Claims 1, 3-8, 10-12, 15-18, 21 and 23-25 under

35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 4,938,969 to Schinitsky et al.

(hereafter "Schinitsky"), in view of U.S. Patent No. 5,804,594 to Murad (hereafter "Murad"), in

further view of U.S. Patent No. 5,902,591 to Herstein (hereafter "Herstein"), and in further view

of U.S. Patent No. 2,517,276 to Bassford et al. (hereafter "Bassford").

The Examiner has also rejected claims Claims 1, 3-8, 10-12, 15-18, 21 and 23-25 under

35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Schinitsky, in view of Murad, in further view of

U.S. Patent No. 5,140,043 to Darr et. al. (hereafter "Darr"), in further view of Bassford, and in

further view of U.S. Patent No. 5,700,451 to Yue et al. (hereafter "Yue").

Applicant respectfully traverses all of the above rejections.

Applicant respectfully submits that the Examiner has suggested an improper (and highly

improbable) hindsight combination of the cited references that – even if one of ordinary skill in

the art could find motivation to make such highly speculative and selective modifications -

would not successfully render all of the required elements of the pending claims.

Applicant notes that, in several instances, the Examiner provides – as motivation for such

highly speculative and selective combinations of six disparate prior art references – "the claimed

invention, as a whole, would have been prima facie obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at

the time the invention was made, because every element of the invention has been collectively

taught by the combined teachings of the references."

-7-

Applicant respectfully notes, and respectfully reminds the Examiner, that such is *not* the

proper standard for an obviousness rejection. In addition to finding every element of the

invention in combined prior art references, one of *ordinary* skill in the art would – *prospectively*

- have to find motivation or suggestion to combine the references in the manner suggested. In

this case – in order to realize the prior art combinations suggested by the Examiner – one of

ordinary skill in the art would prospectively have to find motivation or suggestion to combine

highly selective elements from, and disregard significant portions of, six disparate prior art

references.

In light of the following remarks, addressing each claim sequentially, Applicants

respectfully request reconsideration and allowance of all claims pending in this application.

Claim 1:

Applicant respectfully traverses the Examiner's characterization of the disclosures and

suggestions of the Schinitsky, Murad, Herstein, Bassford, Darr and Yue references.

Claim 1 of the present application requires a composition comprising at least about 5%

(w/v) ascorbic acid, non-toxic zinc salt; and water; wherein the composition has a pH of 3.5 to

4.1.

Applicant finds that Schinitsky contains no teaching or suggestion of pH values or

their significance to the invention.

Thus, in order to achieve the prior art combination of references allegedly rendering

Claim 1 obvious, as suggested by the Examiner, one of ordinary skill in the art having only

Schinitsky before him would have to: 1) read and fully understand Schinitsky; 2) spontaneously

decide that the inventive composition in Schinitsky was somehow deficient or in need of

-8-

modification; 3) spontaneously assume, without prompting, that pH values of a composition

should be of importance; and 4) seek out and find the Murad reference.

Applicant finds that Murad is directed to a pharmaceutical composition for the prevention

of wrinkles and improvement of skin elasticity and softness. Murad discloses that oral

administration of its composition is preferred, and presents its disclosure in reference to orally

administered examples. (Col. 8, lines 43-46; Cols. 9-15).

Murad discloses a composition comprising a sugar compound (N-acetylglucosamine

compound or salt or ester thereof, in $\sim 5\% - 50\%$ w/v); a primary antioxidant component (an

ascorbic acid component or salt or ester thereof, in $\sim 5\% - 50\%$ w/v); an amino acid component

(proline, lysine, cysteine, or methionine, in $\sim 8\% - 60\%$ w/v); and a transition metal component

(zinc, manganese or copper, or mixtures thereof, in $\sim 0.5\% - 15\%$ w/v). Murad discloses

embodiments that further comprise a catechin-based preparation; a glucosamine or a

pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof; and a chondroitin or a pharmaceutically

acceptable salt or ester thereof. Murad discloses still other embodiments that even further

comprise a vitamin E source; a cysteine source; a vitamin B3 source; a methionine source; a

vitamin A source; and other various elements.

Applicant finds that Murad discloses the necessity of an amino acid (Col. 5; lines 14-18;

Col. 6, lines 9-11), and includes such in all disclosed embodiments. Similarly, Murad discloses

the necessity of a transition metal component (Col. 5; lines 22-24; Col. 6, lines 33-36), and

includes such in all disclosed embodiments.

Murad discloses that oral administration of its composition is preferred. (Col. 8, lines

43-46; Cols. 9-15).

-9-

Applicant also finds that Murad contains no teaching or suggestion of pH values or

their significance to the invention. Since Murad discloses oral administration as its preferred

method, Applicant submits that the effect of pH value on dermal absorption is not even

contemplated by Murad.

Thus, in order to achieve the prior art combination of references allegedly rendering

Claim 1 obvious, as suggested by the Examiner, one of ordinary skill in the art would have to: 1)

read and fully understand Schinitsky; 2) spontaneously decide that the inventive composition in

Schinitsky was somehow deficient or in need of modification; 3) spontaneously assume, without

prompting, that pH values of a composition should be of importance 4) seek out and find the

Murad reference; 5) read and fully understand Murad; 6) disregard Murad's substantial teaching

and suggestion of the preferability of oral composition and administration, selectively culling

only a few elements from Murad's oral treatment to apply to Schinitsky's *topical* formulation; 7)

spontaneously disregard Murad's teachings of the necessity of amino acids; 8) selectively

disregard Murad's teaching of transition metals other than zinc sulfate; 9) again spontaneously

assume, despite no teaching or suggestion by either Schinitsky or Murad, that pH values of a

composition should be of importance; 11) successfully modify Schinitsky's topical composition

to include elements of Murad's oral treatment; 12) again spontaneously assume that the resulting

composition was still somehow incomplete or deficient; and 13) seek out and find the Herstein

reference.

Applicant finds that Herstein is directed to a stable topical emulsion for

cosmetic/pharmaceutical purposes, made from a two component system of a powdered ascorbic

acid phase and a liquid phase. The liquid phase contains an effective amount of an organoclay

-10-

material to stabilize the emulsion. Applicant can find no disclosure with Herstein of a non-toxic

zinc salt.

Thus, in order to achieve the prior art combination of references allegedly rendering

Claim 1 obvious, as suggested by the Examiner, one of ordinary skill in the art would have to: 1)

read and fully understand Schinitsky; 2) spontaneously decide that the inventive composition in

Schinitsky was somehow deficient or in need of modification; 3) spontaneously assume, without

prompting, that pH values of a composition should be of importance; 4) seek out and find the

Murad reference; 5) read and fully understand Murad; 6) disregard Murad's substantial teaching

and suggestion of the preferability of oral composition and administration, selectively culling

only a few elements from Murad's oral treatment to apply to Schinitsky's *topical* formulation; 7)

spontaneously disregard Murad's teachings of the necessity of amino acids; 8) selectively

disregard Murad's teaching of transition metals other than zinc sulfate; 9) again spontaneously

assume, despite no teaching or suggestion by either Schinitsky or Murad, that pH values of a

composition should be of importance; 11) successfully modify Schinitsky's topical composition

to include elements of Murad's oral treatment; 12) again spontaneously assume that the resulting

composition was still somehow incomplete or deficient; 13) seek out and find the Herstein

reference; 14) seek out and find the Herstein reference; 15) read and fully understand Herstein;

16) selectively cull from Herstein only the concept of the usefulness of a pH value of 3.5 to 4.1 –

despite no prior prompting from either Schinitsky or Murad; and 17) successfully modify the

Schinitsky/Murad combination to have a final pH value of 3.5 to 4.1.

Applicant notes that the teachings and suggestions of Bassford, Darr and Yue are

addressed in later reference, where applicable to the other claims of the present application.

-11-

Applicant respectfully submits that, in light of the remarks made thus far, and the general

similarity of the references, specific review of those references in relation to Claim 1 would be

redundant and unnecessary.

Applicant does generally note, however, that the disclosure in Darr that transition metal

ions catalyze oxidative degradation (Col. 2, line 4) would appear to teach away from

combination with Murad, which discloses the necessity of a transition metal component (Col. 5;

lines 22-24; Col. 6, lines 33-36).

Applicant respectfully submits that one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the

invention of the present application was made, would not be prompted or motivated by the cited

references to embark on the highly speculative, selective, and unnavigable combination

suggested by the Examiner, without the assistance of the present application's disclosure.

Absent such an improper hindsight reconstruction, the required elements of Claim 1 are

not prospectively taught or suggested by the cited references. Moreover, the Examiner has

already admitted that "the prior art does not expressly disclose the combination of at least 5% of

ascorbic acid, non-toxic zinc salt, water and pH of 3.5 to 4.1."

Applicant respectfully submits that Claim 1 overcomes the obviousness rejections over

the cited references. Claim 1 stands in allowable form.

Applicant respectfully requests reconsideration and withdrawal of the rejections, and

allowance of Claim 1.

Claim 2:

Claim 2 has been canceled.

-12-

Claim 3:

Claim 3 depends from allowable Claim 1 and provides further limitation distinguishing

over the cited references. Applicant respectfully submits that Claim 3 stands in allowable form.

Applicant respectfully requests reconsideration and withdrawal of the rejections, and

allowance of Claim 3.

Claims 4-5:

Claims 4-5 depend from allowable Claim 1 and provide, at least, claim differentiation.

Applicant respectfully submits that Claims 4-5 stand in allowable form.

Applicant respectfully requests reconsideration and withdrawal of the rejections, and

allowance of Claims 4-5.

Claims 6-8:

Claims 6-8 depend from allowable Claim 1 and provide further limitations distinguishing

over the cited references. Applicant respectfully submits that Claims 6-8 stand in allowable

form.

Applicant respectfully requests reconsideration and withdrawal of the rejections, and

allowance of Claims 6-8.

Claim 9:

Claim 9 has been canceled.

-13-

Claim 10:

Claim 10 depends from allowable Claim 1 and provides, at least, claim differentiation.

Applicant respectfully submits that Claim 10 stands in allowable form.

Applicant respectfully requests reconsideration and withdrawal of the rejections, and

allowance of Claim 10.

Claims 11-12:

Claims 11-12 depend from allowable Claim 1 and provide, at least, claim differentiation.

Applicant respectfully submits that Claims 11-12 stand in allowable form.

Applicant respectfully requests reconsideration and withdrawal of the rejections, and

allowance of Claims 11-12.

Claims 13-14:

Claims 13-14 have been canceled.

Claims 15-17:

Claims 15-17 depend from allowable Claim 1 and provide, at least, claim differentiation.

Applicant respectfully submits that Claims 15-17 stand in allowable form.

Applicant respectfully requests reconsideration and withdrawal of the rejections, and

allowance of Claims 15-17.

-14-

Claim 18:

Claim 18 has been amended, solely for the purposes of clarifying the present invention

and making the claim more easily readable, and not for the purpose of distinguishing over any of

the cited references. No new matter has been added by this amendment.

Applicant respectfully traverses the Examiner's characterization of the disclosures and

suggestions of the Schinitsky, Murad, Herstein, Bassford, Darr and Yue references.

Claim 18 of the present application, as currently amended, requires a topical composition

comprising an aqueous solution including at least about 5.0% (w/v) pre-treated ascorbic acid, a

non-toxic zinc salt, and having a pH of 3.5 to 4.1.

Applicant notes that the Examiner has rejected Claim 18 on the same grounds as Claim 1.

Applicant hereby incorporates the remarks made above in relation to Claim 1.

Applicant respectfully submits that Claim 18 overcomes the obviousness rejections over

the cited references. Claim 18 stands in allowable form.

Applicant respectfully requests reconsideration and withdrawal of the rejections, and

allowance of Claim 18.

Claims 19-20:

Claims 19-20 have been canceled.

Claim 21:

Claim 21 depends from allowable Claim 18 and provides, at least, claim differentiation.

Applicant respectfully submits that Claim 21 stands in allowable form.

-15-

Serial No. 09/990,611

In Re: Lorraine Faxon Meisner

Applicant respectfully requests reconsideration and withdrawal of the rejections, and

allowance of Claim 21.

Claim 22:

Claim 22 has been canceled.

Claims 23-24:

Claims 23-24 depend from allowable Claim 18 and provide further limitations

distinguishing over the cited references. Applicant respectfully submits that Claims 23-24 stand

in allowable form.

Applicant respectfully requests reconsideration and withdrawal of the rejections, and

allowance of Claims 23-24.

Claim 25:

Claim 25 depends from allowable Claim 18 and provides, at least, claim differentiation.

Applicant respectfully submits that Claim 25 stands in allowable form.

Applicant respectfully requests reconsideration and withdrawal of the rejections, and

allowance of Claim 25.

Claim 26

Claim 26 has been canceled.

-16-

Response to Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment Serial No. 09/990,611 In Re: Lorraine Faxon Meisner

New Claims:

Claims 27-31:

Claims 27-31 depend from allowable independent claims, and provide further limitations

distinguishing over the cited references. Applicant respectfully submits that Claims 27-31 stand

in allowable form.

Conclusion

Applicant respectfully submits that – in light of this response addressing the Examiner's

rejections – the instant application, including Claims 1, 3-8, 10-12, 15-18, 21, 23-25, and 27-31,

is in condition for allowance.

Applicants respectfully request reconsideration and withdrawal of the rejections, and

allowance of all pending claims.

Respectfully submitted,

Date: May 10, 2007

By:

Ruben C. DeLeon, Reg. No. 37,812

Akin Gump Strauss Hauer & Feld LLP

P. O. Box 688

Dallas, TX 75313-0688

Direct Telephone: 214.969.2721

Facsimile: 214.969.4343

Direct Email Address: rdeleon@akingump.com

Patent Email: trademarkdallas@akingump.com

-17-